SPIRE - A DECISION SUPPORT SYSTEM FOR ADDRESSING COMPLEX/CHAOTIC ENVIRONMENTS

PRESENTED AT

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- So what's the problem?
- The "Crown Jewels" questions
- What's SPIRE (Systematic Procedure for Identifying Relevant Environments)?
- SPIRE application at FPL
- SPIRE diagram results
- What SPIRE provides
- SPIRE the neurocognitive conceptual architecture

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From the NYT, April 28, 2004

"Soon after 9/11, a two-man intelligence team set up shop in a windowless, cipher-proof room at the Pentagon...

"By the end of the year... the men had constructed a startling new picture of global terrorism. "The men culled classified material... 'We discovered tons of raw intelligence'

So how were these "tons" processed???

"They recorded and annotated their evidence on butcher paper hung like a mural around their small office."

(Accomplished over a period of more than two months!!!)

Is this any way to fight a War on Terror???

So what's the problem?

The need for a systematic approach to confront structurally changing, complex environments, characterized by

- Instability
- Disappearing "boundaries"
- "Historyless" situations
- Minimal value of analytical forecasting -that may be and usually is misleading

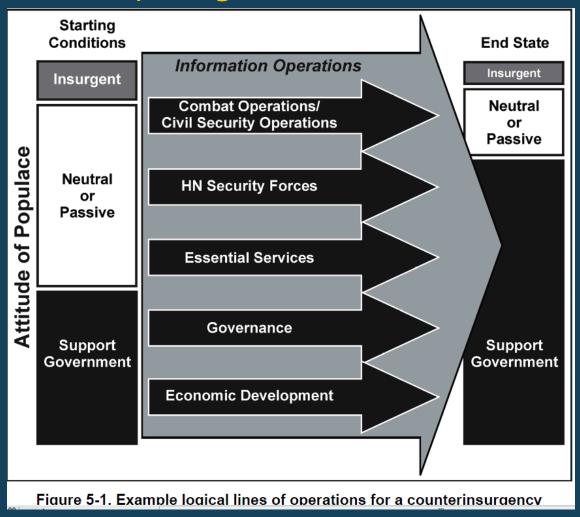
So what's the problem?? (cont.)

- Ineffective consideration of large amounts of disparate data
- Where there are multiple decisions or issues to consider
- The need to think outside of the box
- Where a proactive response is needed AND

So what's the problem?? (cont.)

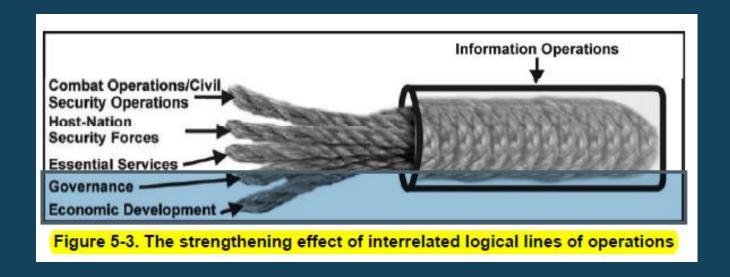
- Ineffective consideration of large amounts of disparate data
- There are multiple decisions or issues to consider
- The need to think outside of the box
- Where a proactive response is needed AND
- MOST IMPORTANTLY, THERE IS NO EXPLICIT "DESIRABLE OUTCOME" IN SIGHT -- OR
- NO DISCERNABLE WAY TO GET TO THE OUTCOME!

... Understanding the complex environment and the numerous competing forces within it"



Source: Counterinsurgency Manual, 2006

Wishful thinking



Source: Counterinsurgency Manual, 2006

Host-nation security forces End state Civil security operations Populace Secure the Separate Counter Secure Integrate secured populace insurgency crime national with host continuously. continuously. (organized from and nation Freedom of and petty). populace. regional security lawful borders. forces. Identify and movement neutralize Isolate Hand over established. political and insurgency. responsibility support on case-byinfrastructure. case basis. **Essential services** Essential services Potable Schools Sewage Trash Electrical Transportation Medical developed treatment collected water power network and clinics and plants regularly, available. restored. restored. colleges hospitals restored/ operating. opened. opened. refurbished. Governance **Effective** government Develop Identify and Establish Develop Reestablish Support institutions initial recruit local justice local. local. and and presence leaders and concept reginal, regional system (law secure established organizational and national and enforcement. elections or restored. governance. representatives. agencies national legal courts. and policies and prisons). departments. and ordinances. Economic development Functional economy Mobilize/ Initiate Rebuild Support Support reestablished. develop contracts commercial broad-based a free local economic with local Freedom to infrastructure economic market conduct activity businesses (banks. opportunity economy. lawful (manufacturing, to stimulate transportation, (micro to commerce services trade. markets. restored. agriculture). currency). development). Insurgents Combat operations disrupted and cannot mass Range of different operations designed to disrupt insurgent forces. an attack that significantly disrupts host-nation governance or operations. Information operations

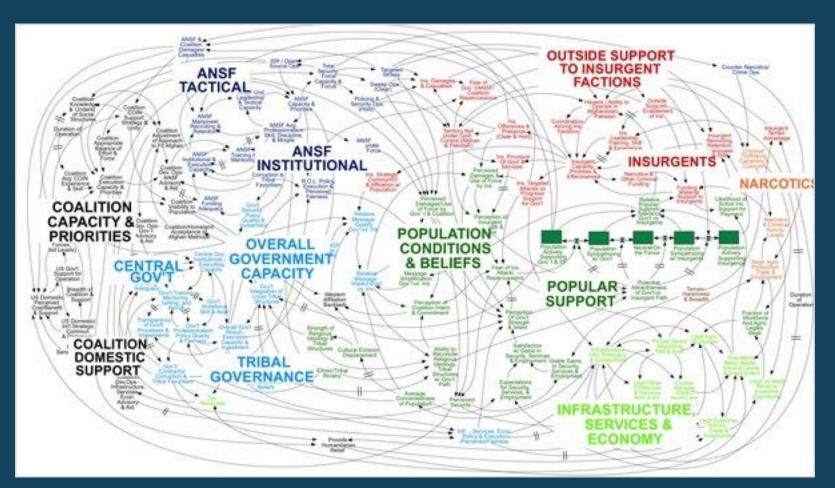
Where are the "interrelationships" among the "individual lines of effort?"

Metaphorical braided rope is gone!

Source: Insurgencies & Counter-insurgencies, 2014

Figure 7-2. Sample of individual lines of effort

"When we understand that slide, we'll have won the [Afghan] war" - Gen. S.A. McChrystal



A systems dynamics interpretation of Gen. Petraeus' Counterinsurgency Manual

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COUNTERINTELLIGENCE

COUNTERTERRORISM

EAST ASIA AND PACIFIC

EUROPE AND EURASIA

GLOBAL ISSUES

NEAR EAST

SOUTH AND CENTRAL ASIA

WEAPONS AND COUNTERPROLIFERATION

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The "Crown Jewels" questions:

- Which strategic decisions need to be made?
- In what sequence or priority should these decisions be addressed or acted upon?
- Which activities/organization units need to take action?
- Which organization units/decisions/tasks need to be coordinated (e.g. lateral or network arrangements)?

The Crown Jewels questions (cont.):

- Where are the most appropriate environmental intervention points?
- How can organization actions potentially alter the prospective environment? and
- Which organization units/activities/ tasks should be involved in taking such actions?

So what's needed?

Focus on DSS – not D (i.e., The Crown Jewels)

DM only possible if "desired outcome" is known

Communicable – preferably visual and/or short narratives (but with explicit link to decisions/policies to ensure relevance)

Credible to analysis "customers" (i.e., policy/decision makers (IOW, the "buy in")

Bottom-up protocol is best

Outside in – easily challenged or disbelieved

Confrontation – encourage with prospective situation

-- discourage/neutralize with individuals and intra- & interorganizational entities

These needs triggered SPIRE (Systematic Procedure for Identifying Relevant Environments)

- Originally designed for L/R strategic planning for an extraordinarily large oil company
 - Proved generalizable approach for strategic planning, knowledge mgt., intelligence analysis, etc.
 - Next applied at IBM & Celanese
 - Later at Douglas A/C, ATT & FPL

THE SPIRE APPROACH

- A pc-based protocol for representing the organization's relevant environment in a unique causal mapping format of immediate use to strategic decision-makers.
- SPIRE inputs are individual verbal statements of hypotheses, conjectures, forecasts, analyses concerning the prospective organization/ environment interface
- •SPIRE utility is best shown by example...

Florida Power & Light Co. SPIRE application - the most extensive one to date

(performed under a grant from the Electric Power Research Institute)

- FPL selected for SPIRE demonstration project because of company's bellwether status
 - as leading edge corporation in utility industry management style, and
 - in the midst of reinventing itself

FPL's environmental reassessment

Under guidance of large, international consulting firm, at a cost of \$millions:

- •Organized 12 cross functional, cross hierarchical committees (10-20 per)... working for six months
- Each committee focusing on a major SDI (e.g., generating capacity, fuel supply, transmission, regulation), producing forecasts, scenarios, etc.
- •Consultant distilled and synthesized committee results into several hundred pages of cross referenced text, tables and graphs

Use of FPL Env. Assessment Results



Use of FPL Env. Assessment Results



(Announcement of new strategy in < two weeks after env. assessment results made available didn't indicate broad usage)

SPIRE application at FPL (performed by HEK & one FPL planner)

- FPL committee data summaries were inputs to the SPIRE approach
- Distilled down to 50 verbal statements of environmental dynamics with relevance for FPL SDIs
- Consisting of 64 specific environmental factors and 35 strategic decision issues (SDIs)
- Verbal statements transformed into SPIRE input notation protocol

50 External
environmental
factors ("E" List) –
with direct or indirect
relevance for strategic
decision issues (C List)

```
E LIST

E01.01 = UTILITY
E01.05 = CONSORT
E01.06 = COSTSTUR
E01.08 = W/SCOMP
E01.10 = MKTSEGMT
E01.11 = ELEC/GAS
E01.12 = UNBUNDLE
E02.01 = CS/OSMIX
E02.05 = NONFOSSL
E02.06 = PHOTOVOL
E02.07 = ONSITE
E02.09 = GASAVAIL
E03.01 = UNDRT&CCC
E03.04 = TRANSACC
E03.04 = TRANSACC
E03.04 = TRANSACC
E03.04 = TRANSACC
E03.04 = TRANSPRC
E04.01 = 3RDPARTY
E04.02 = OHNRSHIP
E04.03 = QF'S
E04.04 = NUGMKTS
E04.04 = NUGMKTS
E05.02 = ELECCDEM
E05.02 = ELECCDEM
E05.03 = RESIDDEM
E05.04 = TRENDS
E06.08 = ELECCAR
E06.09 = MICRO'S
E07.01 = CUSTOPT
E07.02 = QUALREQT
E07.03 = RISK
E08.03 = WITETECH
E11.04 = SMARTICH
E11.05 = SMARTICH
E11.06 = SMARTICH
E11.07 = RISK
E08.07 = SMARTICH
E11.08 = SMARTICH
E11.09 = HILGTECH
E11.09 = HILGTECH
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  UTILITY INDUSTRY COMPETITIVE STRUCTURE
"CONSORTIUM" UTILITY ENTERPRISE
UTILITY COST STRUCTURE
WHOLESALE COMPETITION
SELECTIVE COMPETITION FOR TARGET MARKET SEGMENTS
ELECTRICITY/GAS MIX
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          MHOLESALE CUMPETITION FOR TARGET MARKET SEGMENTS
SELECTIVE COMPETITION FOR TARGET MARKET SEGMENTS
ELECTRICITY/GAS MIX
UNBUNDLING
CENTRAL STACION/ON-SITE GENERATION MIX (RATIO)
REMOTE GENERATION CAPABILITY
INCREASED DEMAND FOR NON-FOSSIL FUEL GEN'TG OPTIONS
PHOTOVOLTAIC GENERATION
ON-SITE GENERATION
TRANSMISSION ACCESS
TRANSMISSION PRICING SYSTEMS
THIRD PARTY COMPETITION FOR DISTRIBUTION SERVICES
OMNERSHIP STRUCTURE OF NON-UTILITY CONSTRUC. PLANTS
# OF QUALIFYING FACILITIES
NON-UTILITY GENERATORS
MARKETS SERVED BY NON-UTILITY COMPETITORS
ELECTRIC SUPPLY/DEMAND IMBALANCE
AGGREGATE DEMAND FOR ELECTRIC ENERGY (LOAD)
RESIDENTIAL ENERGY CONSUMPTION
CUSTOMER DEMAND TO FOR ELECTRIC ENERGY (LOAD)
RESIDENTIAL ENERGY CONSUMPTION
DEMAND FOR SMART HOUSE" (NEW AND RETROFIT)
ELECTRIC CAR MARKET
MICROPROCESSOR USE AMONG COMM. & RESID. USERS
CUSTOMER DESIRES FOR CHOICES/OPTIONS
DIFFERENTIATED POWER QUALITY REQUIREMENTS
RISK TAKING/AVERSION AMONG CUSTOMER SEGMENTS
WASTE TO ENERGY (WIE) TECHNOLOGY
CONSUMER INTERFACE TECHNOLOGY
CONSUMER INTERFACE TECHNOLOGY
CONSUMER INTERFACE TECHNOLOGY
SOCIETAL RECEPTIVITY TO NUCLEAR POWER
SOCIETAL PRESSURES FOR DSM
CUSTOMER AMARENESS/CONCERN FOR SECURE ENERGY SUPPLY
CONSUMER EXPECTATIONS FOR RELIABLE SERVICE
SOCIETAL PRESSURE FOR A CLEAN ENVIRONMENT
HEALT HISK FROM ENVIRONMENT
CONSUMER EXPECTATIONS FOR RELIABLE SERVICE
SOCIETAL PRESSURE FOR A CLEAN ENVIRONMENT
CONSUMER PRESCURE FOR A CLEAN ENVIRONMENT
CONSUMER ACTIVISM
SOCIETAL PRESSURE TO LIMIT PLANT INVESTMENT
CONSUMER PRESCURE TO LIMIT PLANT INVESTMENT
CONSUMER PRESCURE TO LIMIT PLANT INVESTMENT
CONSUMER PRESCURE FOR A CLEAN ENVIRONMENT
HEALT HISK OF HIGH CAPITAL INVESTMENT
 E11.03 = SMRTTCH

E11.04 = COOLTECH

E12.02 = WHLGTECH

E13.01 = SOCNUCL

E13.02 = SOCDSM

E13.04 = AWARESUP

E14.01 = SOCENY

E14.02 = SOCHLTH

E14.03 = ACTIVISM

E14.04 = LMTPLANT

E14.05 = CRIME
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 TREND TOWARD DEREGULATION
RISK OF HIGH CAPITAL INVESTMENT
# OF "WORKING FAMILIES"
AGING OF THE U.S. POPULATION
CAPACITY TO DISPOSE OF SOLID WASTE
INCENTIVE REGULATIONS—PRICE CAPS
RATE SETTING—NON COST BASED (MARKET PRICE)
PRICING BY END—USE SEGMENT (VS CUSTOMER SEG)
INCENTIVES (REGULATORY INITIATED) FOR MORE DSM
MANDATORY RETAIL ACCESS
THE REGULATORY COMPACT" WITH UTILITIES
UTILITY DEREGULATION
FERC DECISIONS/REGULATIONS
ONE STEP LICENSING (NRC REG'S)
MANDATORY CO2 REDUCTION
AIR QUALITY STANDARDS
LIQUID NATURAL GAS PRICE/AVAILABILITY
 E14.06 = DEREG
E16.05 = INVRISK
E17.02 = WKGFAMS
E17.03 = AGINGPOP
E18.04 = WASTEDSP
   E20.02
E20.04
E20.06
E20.07
E21.03
                                                                                            = REG/PRICE
                                                                                       = NONCOST
= PRICEEND
= REG/DSM
                                                                                          = RETACCES
E21.03 = RETACLES

E21.04 = REGCMPCT

E22.05 = FEDDEREG

E23.01 = FERCREGS

E23.03 = ONESTEP

E24.02 = FEDCO2

E24.03 = FEDAIR
E25.03 = LNGAVAIL
```

Strategic Decision Issues (C List) of FPL

```
C LIST
CO1.01
                                       BUSINESS SEGMENTS APPROPRIATE FOR FPL (TRADITIONAL)
DEGREE OF VERTICAL INTEGRATION
GENERATION OWNERSHIP MIX
LINES OF BUSINESS
JOINT VENTURES (CONSORTIA)
ON-SITE GENERATION
PRICING/RATE SCHEDULE
PRODUCT MIX
TARGET MARKETS
                FPLBUS
CO1.02 = VERTINT
CO1.03 = GENOWN
CO1.04 = LOB'S
CO1.05 = JOINT
 CO2.01 = ONSITGEN
 CO2.O2 = RATESCH
CO2.03 = PRODMIX
CO2.04 = TGTMKTS
 C02.05 = DSM
                                        DSM
CO2.06 = LOCALGEN
                                        LOCAL GENERATION
END-USE VS. CUSTOMER CLASSES
CO2.07 = CUSTCLSS
CO2.08 = MKTG/PRM
                                        NEW END-USE MARKETING/PROMOTION FUEL SUPPLY/MIX
C03.01 = FUELMIX

C03.02 = OURSRCE

C03.03 = ALTGEN

C03.04 = GENMIX

C03.05 = COST
                                        OUTSOURCING
                                           TERNATE GENERATION TECHNOLOGIES
                                        GENERATION MIX
                                       NUCLEAR VS FOSSIL
BUY VS LEASE RE: GENERATION
GENERATION/CAPACITY REQUIREMENTS
FUEL TYPE FOR NEW GENERATING CAPACITY
CORPORATE CULTURE
CO3.07 = NUC/FOSS
CO3.08 = BUY/LSE
CO3.11 = NEWFUEL
C04.01 = CULTURE
C04.04 = WORKMTHD
                                        WORK PROCEDURES OR "WORK PRACTICES/METHODS"
C04.05 = RISK
                                        RISK PROFILE
                                       FINANCING CAPABILITY
COMPENSATION/INCENTIVE/REWARD SYSTEM
PRICING PHILOSOPHY
CO4.06 = FINCAP
C04.07 = INC/REW
               PRICE
CO5.02 = RESTRUCT
CO5.03 = PRFICIR
                                       RESTRUCTURING (RE: SCOPE)
COST CENTER/PROFIT CENTER REORGANIZATION
                                             LITY DELIVERY SYSTEM (E.G., ELECTRIC CARS)
```

Examples of Linkage Statements of Environmental Dynamics and Strategic Decision Issues

1. Increasing concern about the environment (E 14.01, E 14.02) will lead to stricter air quality standards (E 24.03) which increases R&D expenditures on electric technology applications and a breakthrough in battery technology (E 10.01) for electric vehicles. This impacts corporate decisions relative to systems for delivery of electric power to electric vehicles (C 6.01).

E 14.01, E 14.02: E 24.03: E 10.01/ C 6.01

2. Consumer awareness of the need for a secure (non fossil fuel) energy supply (E 13.04) leads to a demand for electric vehicles (E 6.08) which, in turn leads to breakthroughs in battery technology (E 10.01). This impacts corporate decisions relative to utility delivery systems for battery charging (C 6.01)

E 13.04: E 6.08: E 10.01/ C 6.01

3. The existence of a market for electric vehicles (E 6.08) impacts corporate decisions relative to target marketing (transportation market) (C 2.04) and marketing and promotion of new end-uses (C 2.08).

E 6.08/ C 2.04, C 2.08

4. Consumers concern for energy security (E 13.04) leads to increased demand for small on-site generating units (E 2.07) and photovoltaic charging systems (E 2.06) which results in an increase in non-central station generated electricity (E 2.01). This impacts corporate decisions relative to generation ownership mix (C 1.03), generating capacity requirements (C 3.09)

E 13.04: E 2.07, E 2.06: E 2.01/ C 1.03, C 3.09

5. Improved storage battery technology (E 10 01) leads to an increase in the number of electric vehicles (E 6.08) and an increased demand for electricity (E 5.02). This impacts corporate decisions relative to generating capacity requirements (C 3.09).

E 10.01: E 6.08: E 5.02/ C 3.09

6. An increased demand for electricity (E 5.02) leads to an increase in on-site generation (E 2.07) and photovoltaic generation (E 2.06) which impacts corporate decisions relative to the mix of products/services to be sold (i.e., bundled electric service versus back-up power and on-site generation repair and maintenance) (C 2.03), target markets for new sales (transportation) (C 2.04), and participation in on-site generation (C 2.01)

E 5.02: E 2.07, E 2.06/ C 2.03, C 2.04, C 2.01

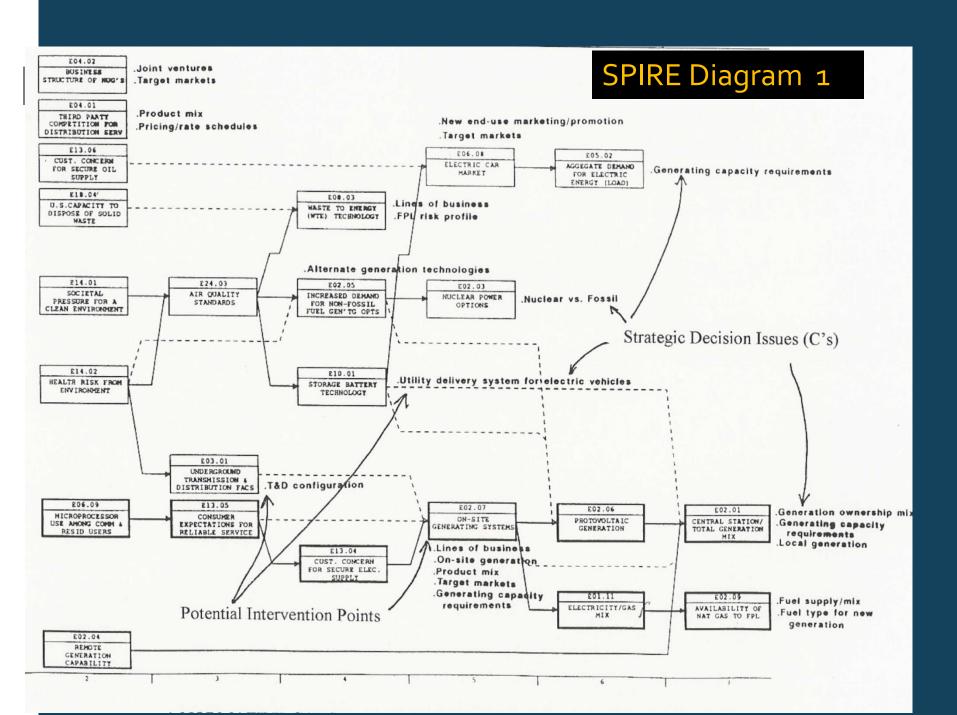
Statements linking environmental factors (E List) impacting FPL strategic decision issues (C List) with notational representation

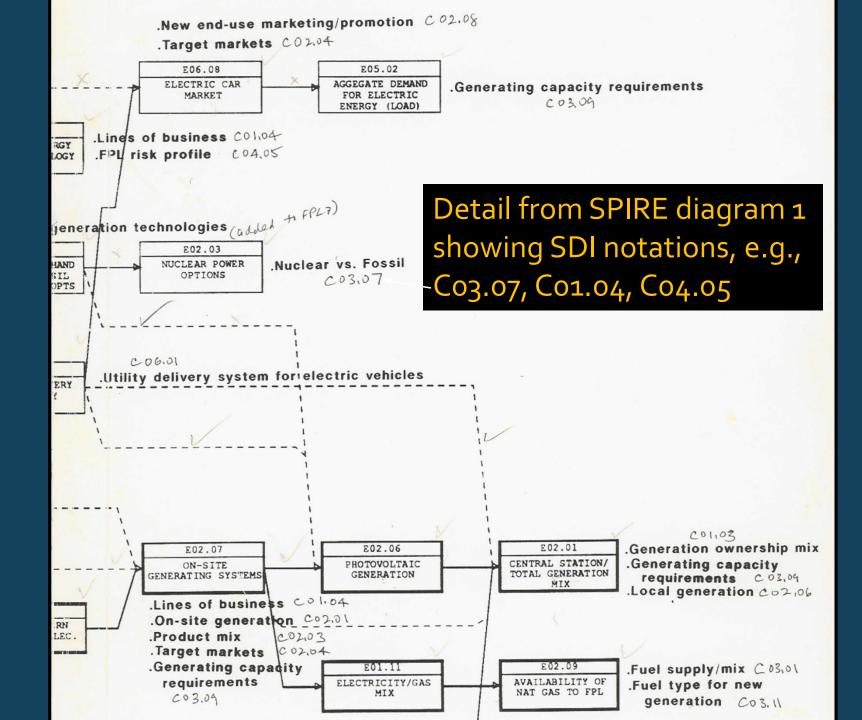
Run the SPIRE heuristic program w/notational statements input

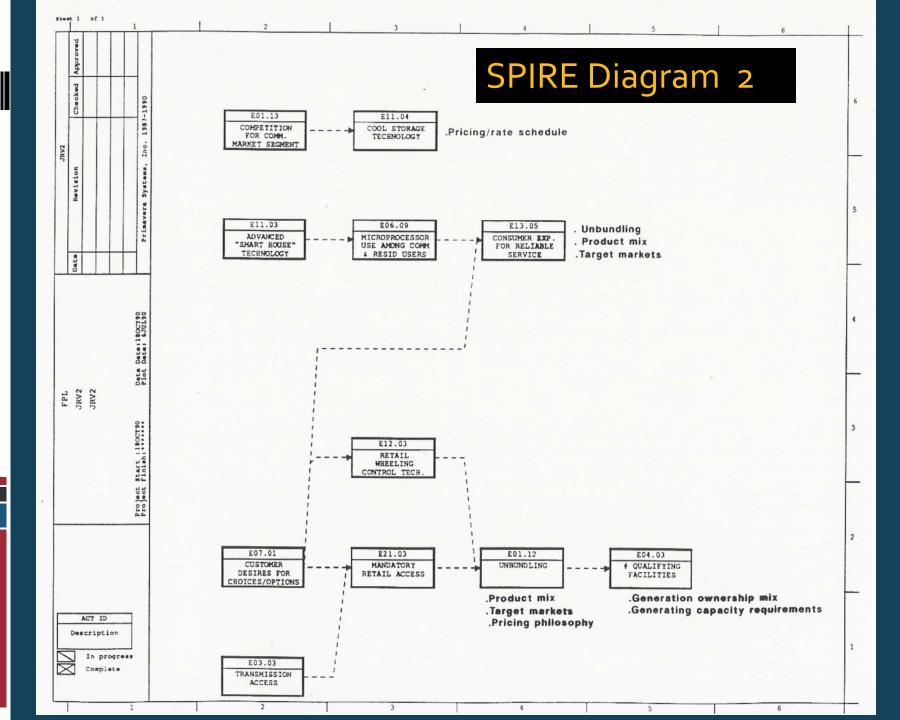
- Identifies and groups closely interacting environmental dynamics
- With relevance for commonly affected SDIs
- Five subsets of environmental dynamics/SDIs emerged (self-organized)
- Each subset provides the specification for a SPIRE diagram

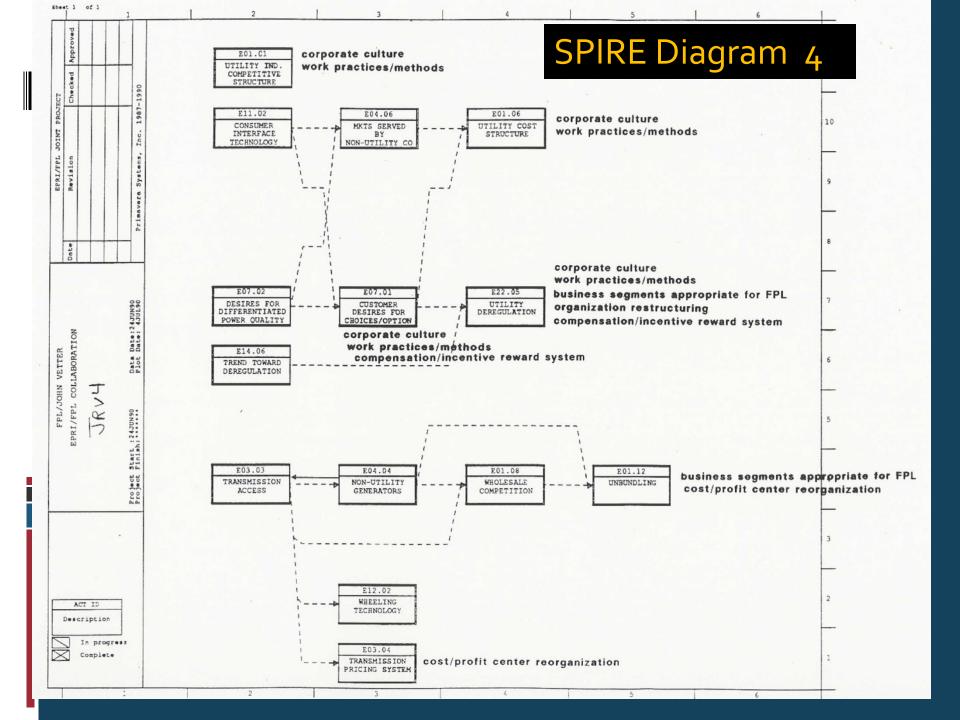
Five subset SPIRE diagrams emerged:

- -- Encompassing all environmental factors and their interrelationships and SDIs
- -- each diagram self-organized about an SDI theme: (1) generating capacity & ownership; (2) product/market strategy; (3) economic organization; (4) organization dynamics; and (5) transmission & distribution
- -- Here following are SPIRE diagrams #1 #2 & #4 (out of a total of five)



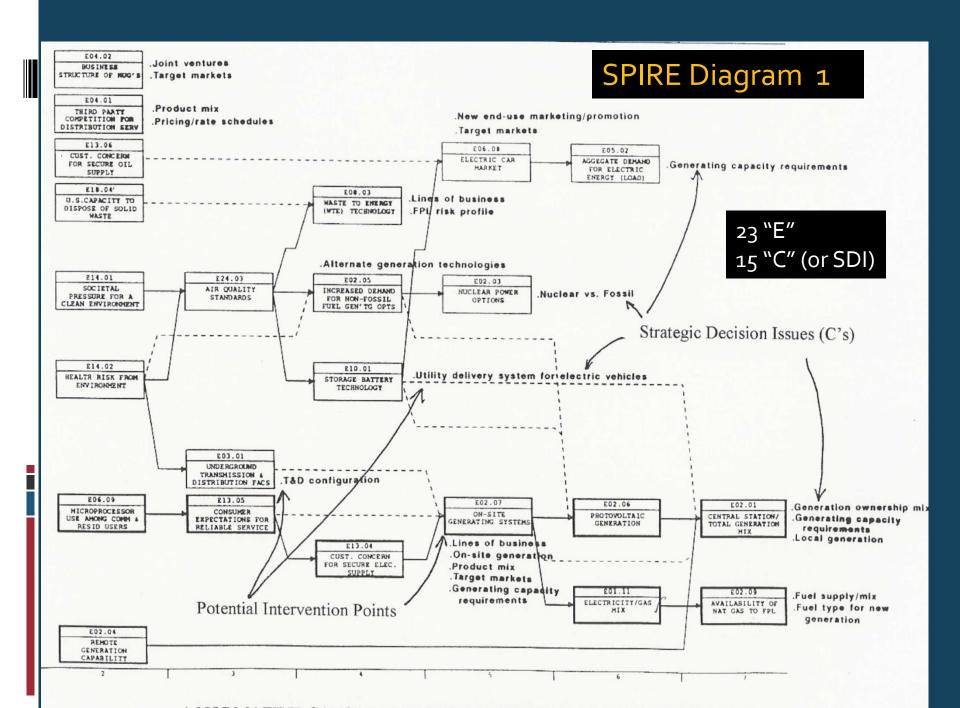




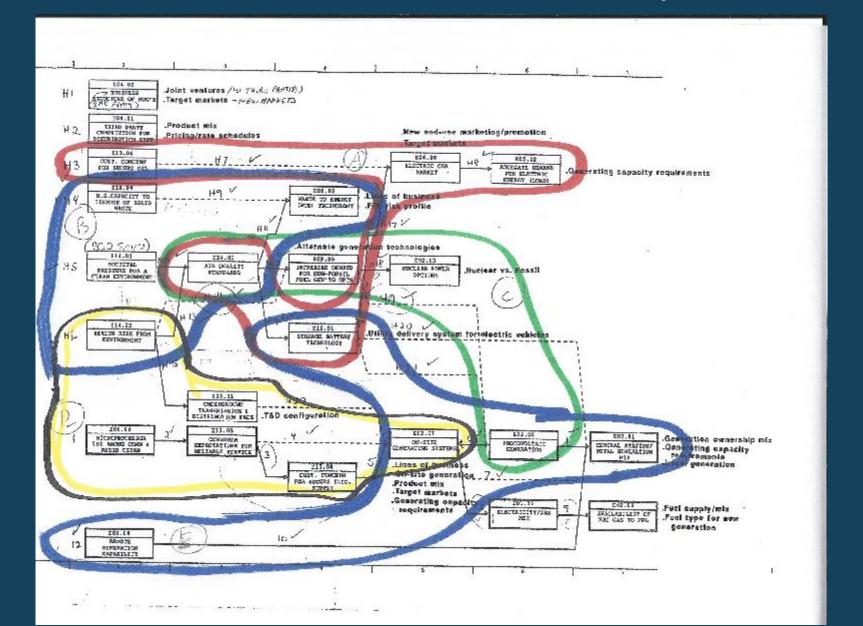


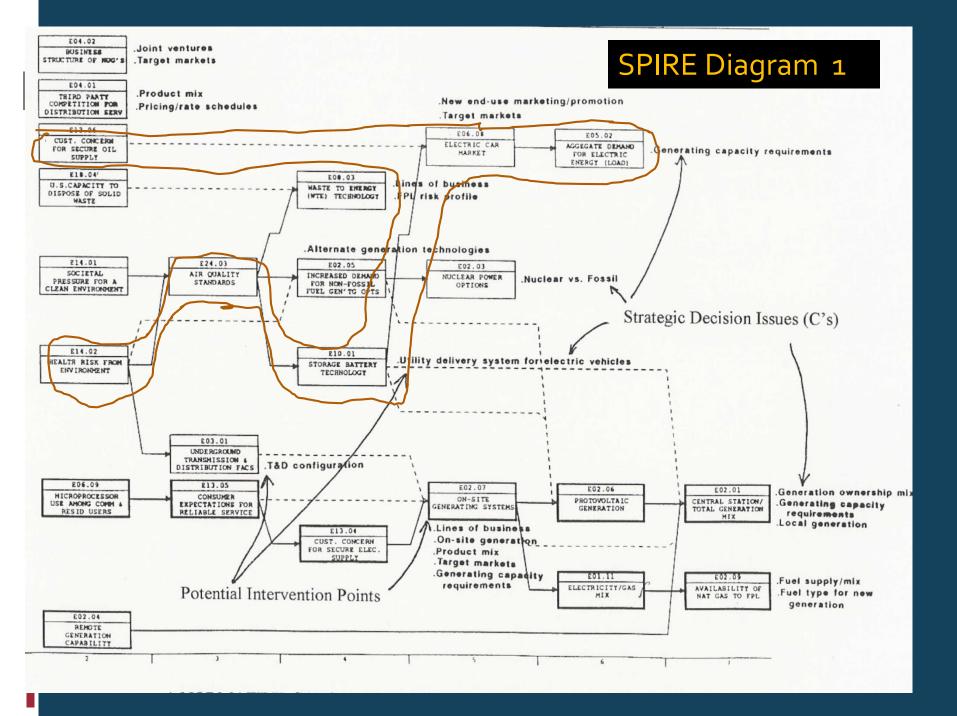
NOW LET'S SEE HOW SPIRE DIAGRAMS ARE USED TO CREATE SCENARIOS THAT ARE:

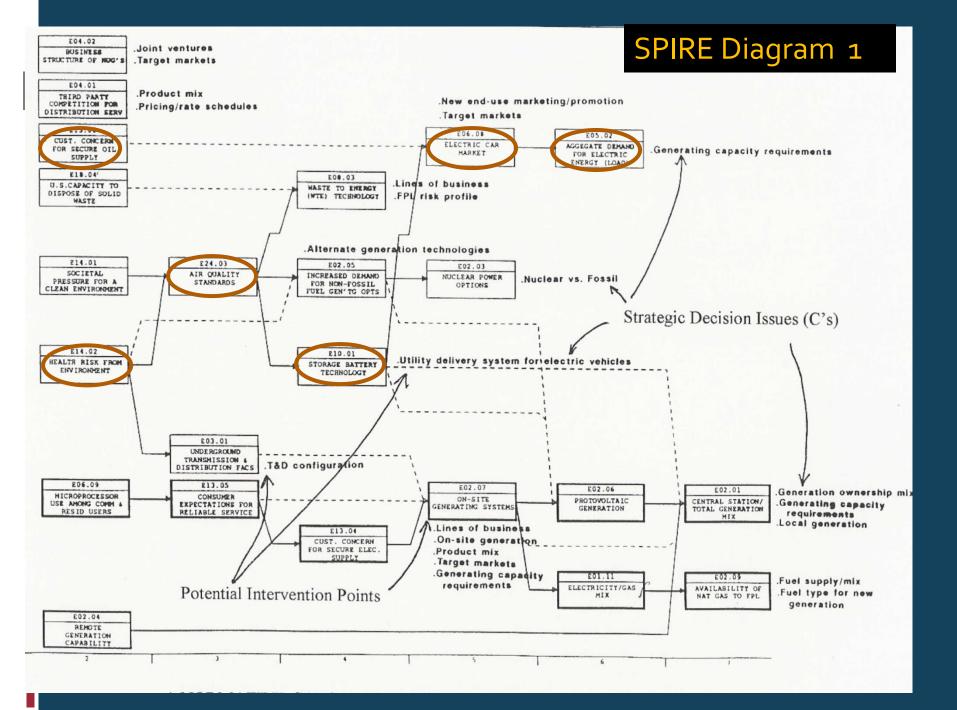
- MOST LIKELY (IOW, "APPROXIMATE FORECASTS")
- SPECIFIC DECISION(S)-FOCUSED
- LIMITED TO RELEVANT ENVIRONMENT
- IMMEDIATELY RESPONSIVE TO CHANGE
- EASILY COMPREHENDED AND
- RESPONSIVE TO THE CROWN JEWELS QUESTIONS!



Subset #1 with scenario roadmaps A-E







SCENARIO A - ELECTRIC VEHICLES

Projections of adequate crude oil supplies argue that the introduction of electric cars (1)* will be based on air quality considerations versus fuel costs. In order to comply with California's air quality standards, major breakthroughs in battery technologies are occuring now that will allow for electric vehicles to achieve significant market penetration in Dade, Palm Beach and Broward Counties, Florida by the year 2000 (10% of commuter traffic and 20% of fleet traffic or 250,000 vehicles).(2) As a result of this expansion of the electric vehicle market, night-time load will be increased by 1000 mw by the Year 2000 and by 4000 mw by Year 2010 (3). This scenario has implications for:

- FPL's marketing and promotion efforts to encourage electric vehicle ownership/operation and appropriate markets to target.
- 2) The battery charging delivery system required, and
- 3) Additional generating capacity, if any, required. (It should be noted that if little new capacity is required to support the incremental night-time load generated by electric vehicles, the result should have a favorable impact on FPI's cost/kwh of generation.)

*The numbers in parentheses indicate environmental states that would appear to have relevance for areas of FPL strategic decisions. These are identified directly below the scenario itself. Such strategic decision issues also may be found in the specified scenario branch in Subset Diagram One.

Scenario A derived from Subset #1 roadmap relevant for shown SDIs

WHAT SPIRE PROVIDES

- Strategic decisions that need to be coordinated; how to organize to do so
- The sequence or order in which decisions need to be addressed
- The intervention points wherein the prospective environment can be "shaped"
- A comprehensive tool for monitoring environmental change

WHAT SPIRE PROVIDES (cont.)

- Sequence of event (or "path") forecast scenario road maps with direct relevance for SDIs
- A strategic Knowledge Management architecture for monitoring "change."
- The design specifications for an adaptive network organization, and
- Most importantly, provides almost instantaneous revision of all of the above with input of additional linkage statements.

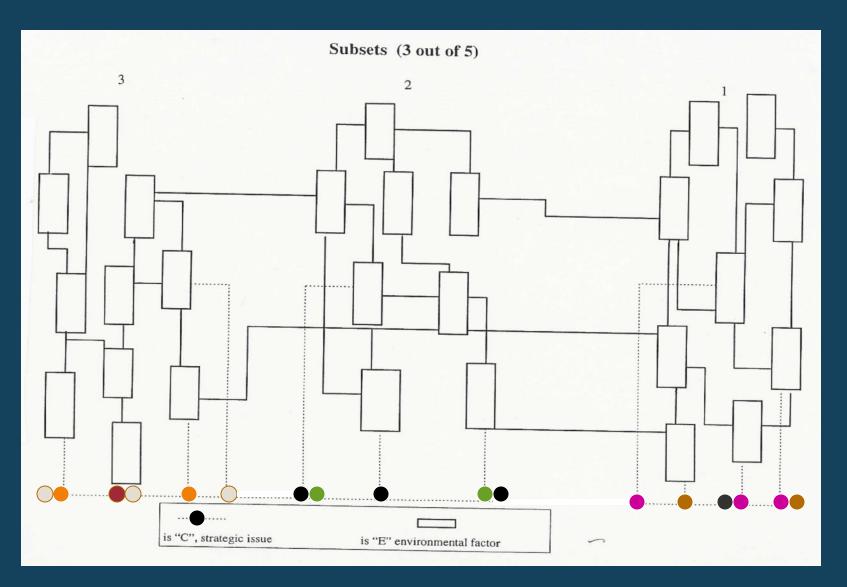
THESE ARE THE "CROWN JEWELS" --- WHEN THERE'S NO "DESIRED OUTCOME" PROVIDED OR EVEN APPROXIMATELY KNOWN

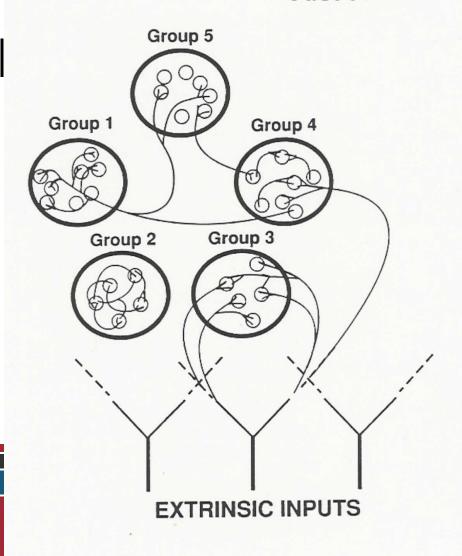
 THESE ARE THE "CROWN JEWELS"
 -- WHEN THERE'S NO "DESIRED OUTCOME" PROVIDED OR EVEN APPROXIMATELY KNOWN

BUT DOES THE SPIRE ARCHITECURE HAVE ANY CONCEPTUAL FOUNDATION?

Schematic of SPIRE Architecture

(Note SWN and neural network architecture)



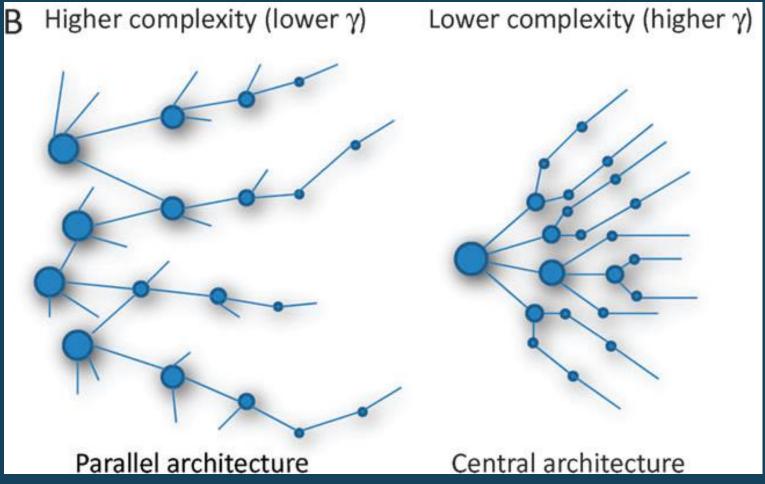


Edelman's proposed neuronal group architecture (1992):

- group structure triggered by common set of ext. inputs
- all neuronal groups not connected to all inputs
- No two groups internally structured the same way
- More interconnectedness within groups than among groups

PROPOSED ARCHITECTURE OF NEURONAL GROUPS FROM EDELMAN (1992)

Note similarity to Edelman architecture



Tomasi & Volkow, 2011

Hypothetical neural networks representing resting state (left) and focused single goal-oriented mental activity (right). Hub (circle) size related to functional connectivity density between hubs.

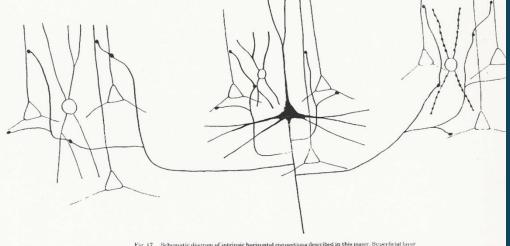
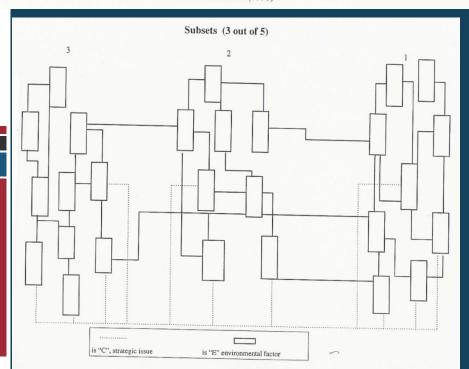


Fig. 17. Schematic diagram of intrinsic horizontal connections described in this paper. Seperficial layer pyramidal cell in black has discrete clusters of soon terminals. Within each cluster, the axon terminals contact other pyramidal cells (usually on spines, not shown, and some smooth stellate cells. There are several morphological types of smooth stellates contacted, suggested by different shapes here. Actual sounds permitted cells is not known.

SCHEMATIC OF NEURON NETWORK STRUCTURE (INDICATING CONNECTIVITY) FROM MCGUIRE (1991)



SPIRE diagram architecture resembles biological neural networks, exhibiting

- connectivity
- plasticity/adaptation
- emergence
- self-organization
- CAS & SWN properties

A case can be made that –

SPIRE architecture is just about as good as you can get from a neurocognitive perspective.

THAT'S ALL, FOLKS!