

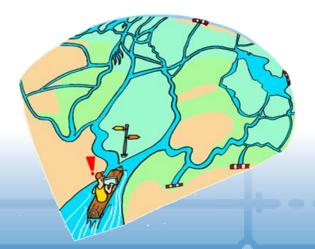
#### Experiences with Dynamic Adaptive Policy Pathways

**DMDU Training Day: Oxford** 

#### Marjolijn Haasnoot

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#### Dynamic Adaptive Policy Pathways (DAPP)

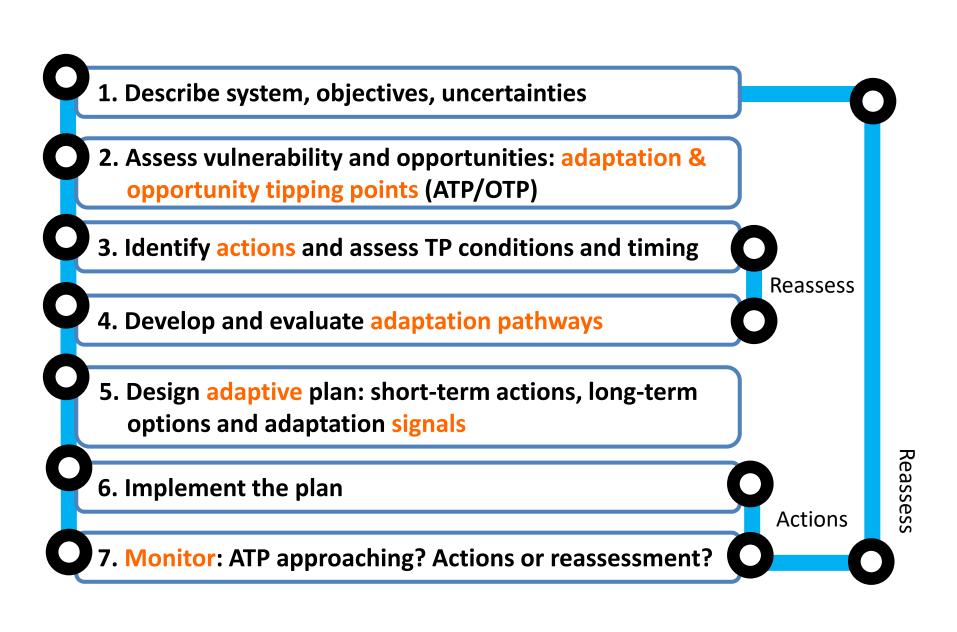
Decisions are made over time in dynamic interaction with the system and cannot be considered independently.

- An approach that explicitly includes decision making over time and sequences of decisions (pathways) under uncertainty.
- O Supports planners to design a dynamic adaptive plans: short-term actions, long-term options, adaptation signals.

"Different roads leading to Rome"

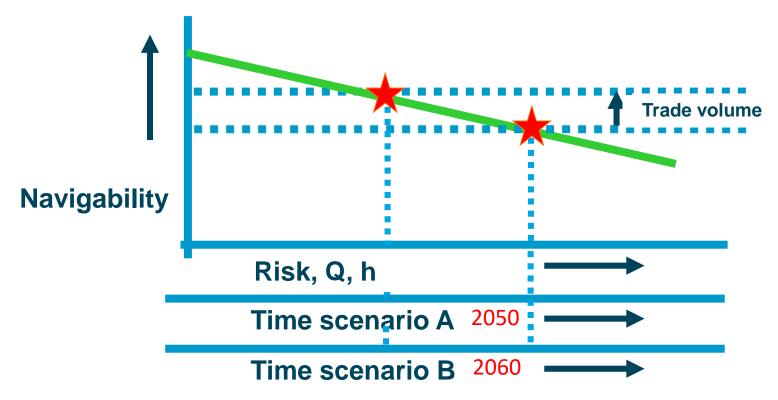


## **Approach**



#### **Adaptation Tipping Points**

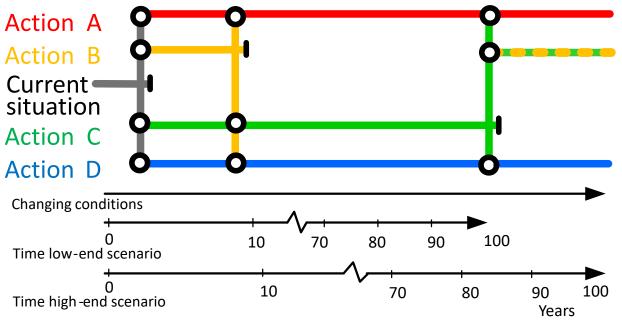
A stress test: How much (climate) change can we cope with? When do start to miss our objectives?



**Decision moment = f (time A, time B, lead time action)** 

#### **Adaptation Pathways**

Adaptation pathways maps show different possible sequences of decisions to achieve objectives. A scorecard helps to evaluate the pathways and decisions.



Time horizon 100 years			
Pathway	Costs	Benefits	Co-benefits
1 🔾	+++	+	0
2 00	+++++	0	0
3 🔾 🔾	+++	0	0
4 00	+++	0	0
5 🔘	0	0	-
6 00	++++	0	-
7 00	+++	0	-
8 00	+	+	
9 🔾	++	+	

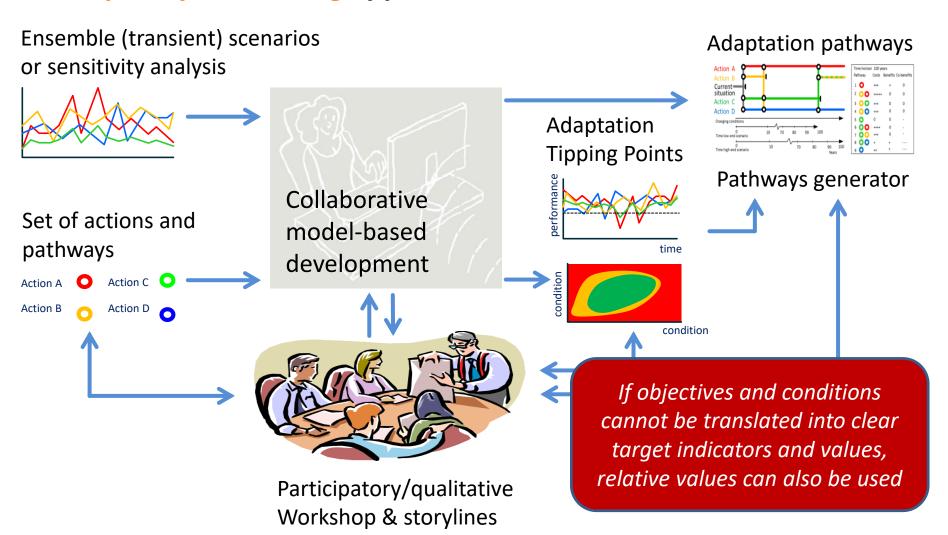
Transfer station to new policy action

Adaptation Tipping Point of a policy action (Terminal)

Policy action effective

#### Flexible, generic approach

Can be used together with Model-based, Expert judgement-based, Participatory, or Gaming approaches



#### Advantages of the approach

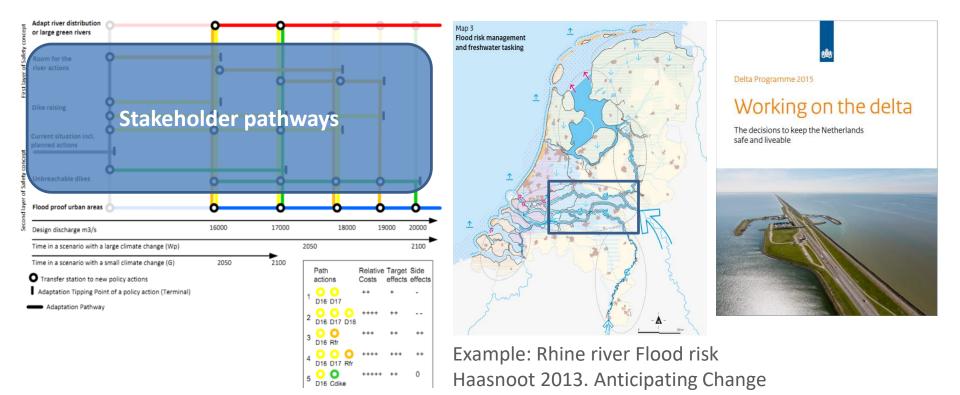
- Moves beyond climate services to decision services
- Adds adaptiveness (flexibility, robustness) and time
- Pathways open decision space, identify pathdependencies and overcome policy paralysis
- Tipping points identify when to take action
- Monitoring keeps us on track (needs further work)
- Tools: Awareness raising games, pathways generator
- Assessment modes: model-based, expert, participatory pathways



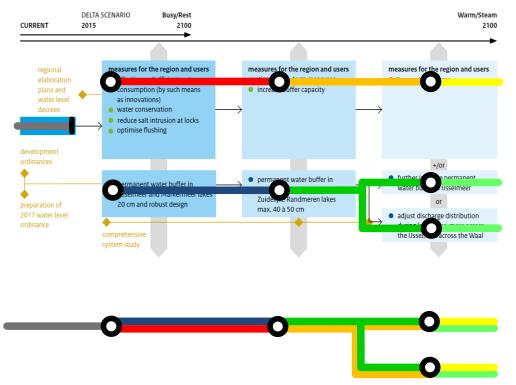
# Project experiences with adaptive planning from the Netherlands, USA, New Zealand, Bangladesh, EU

#### Delta Programme, The Netherlands

"Adaptation pathways offer a strong approach to show which options are needed and when they should be implemented and how long-term objectives influence short-term decisions." (Delta Programme 2015)



#### Delta Programme, The Netherlands

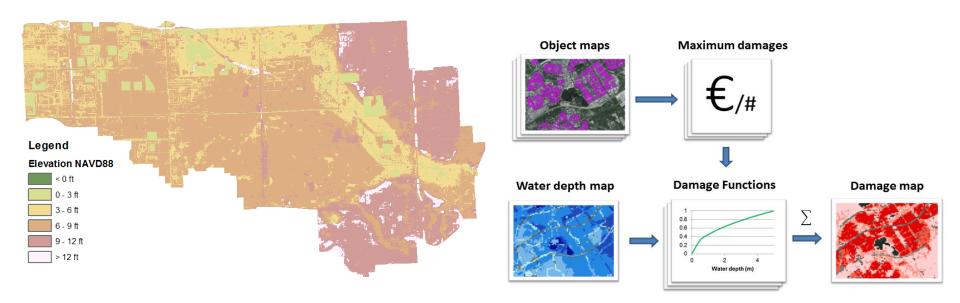


- Iterative participatory process
- Opens decision space
- Reduced number of pathways in the final plan
- Pathways based on short, medium, long term actions (not tipping points)
- Next step is monitoring

#### Flood mitigation pathways, Miami, Florida

Investigate flood risk and sea-level rise impacts in the C-7 basin 3 alternative mitigation strategies:

- Local flood mitigation: flood walls, exfiltration trenches, local pumps;
- 2. Regional flood mitigation: forward pumps at S-27;
- 3. Land-use mitigation: raising of roads and buildings to 6, 7, 8 ft



#### Flood mitigation pathways, Miami, Florida

- Flood risk assessed with hydraulic and damage models  $\rightarrow$  expected annual damage (EAD) under SLR
  - Expected Annual Damage (k\$)

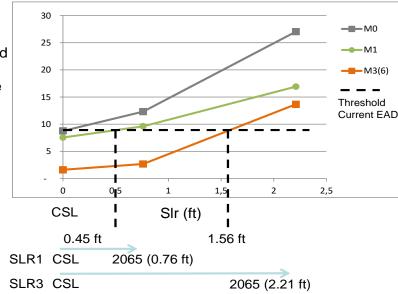
M1 local fm M0 no action

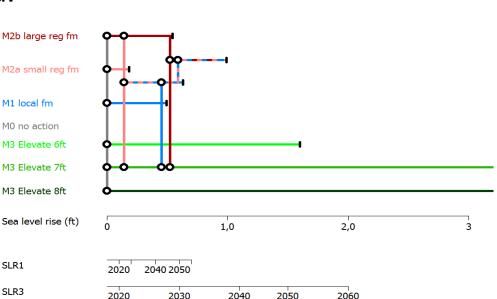
SLR1

SLR3

- Adaptation Tipping points showed up to what sea-level rise same risk level is achieved
- Pathways showed: land use measures are needed in the end. Installing pumps can buy time







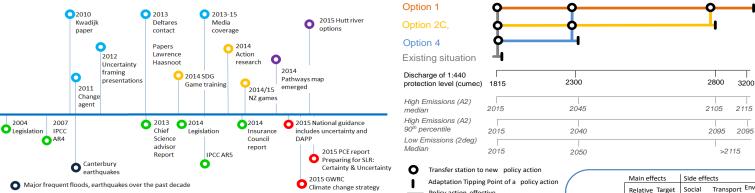
#### Pathways application, New Zealand

"Resilience through making decisions that are flexible and robust in the midst of ongoing change and uncertainty." AM involves staging interventions over time as trigger points are reached.



**Judy Lawrence** 



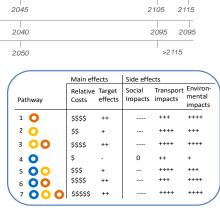


Policy action effective

Timeline of interventions. Blue=Creating interest, Yellow=Increasing awareness, Purple=Experiment Hutt river, Red=DAPP uptake, Dark Blue=Major hazards. Green = context.

Increase awareness

Creatina interest



- Used to assess the lifetime of options for a river scheme
- Included in regional Climate Change Strategy and Implementation Plan
- Included in national coastal guidance

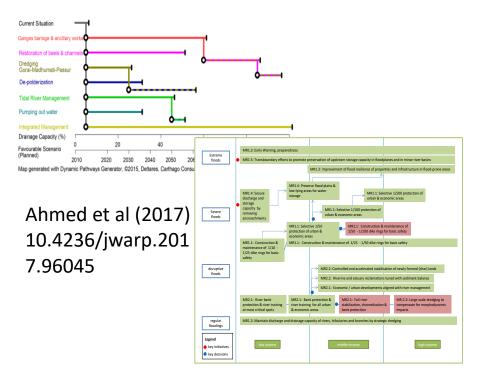


Lawrence & Haasnoot (2017) Environmental Science & Policy 68, 47-57.

#### Bangladesh Deltaplan Enable socio-economic development



Delta Vision: Ensure long term water and food security, economic growth and environmental sustainability while effectively coping with natural disasters, climate change and other delta issues through robust, adaptive and integrated strategies, and equitable water governance.



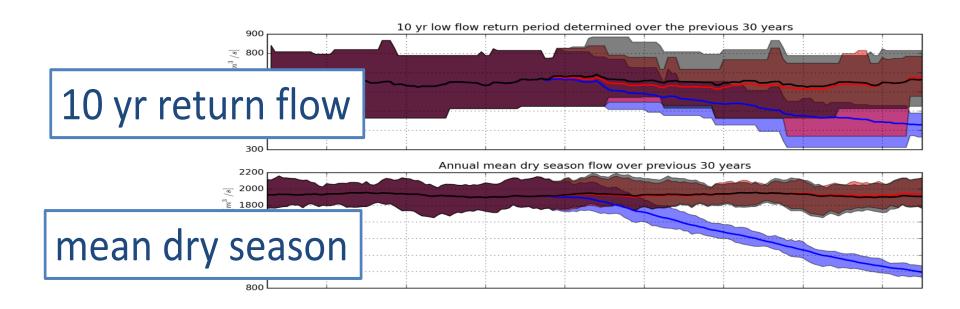
- Visioning and backcasting
- Iterative participatory process
- Investment plan
- Delta governance
- Update every 10 years
- Opportunity tipping points
- Fix the delta or live with water



#### Recent Advances

#### Adaptation signals

Designing appropriate monitoring signposts & trigger values

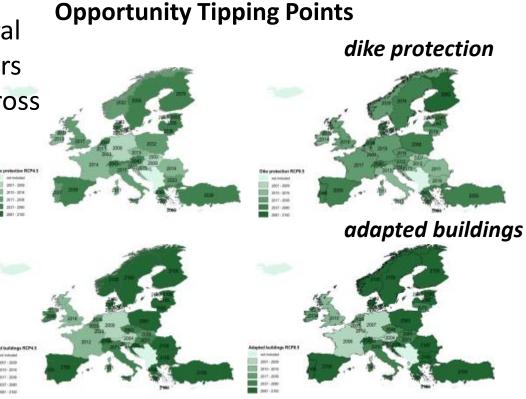


Looking for adaptation signals with transient scenarios:
Haasnoot et al. (2015) Env. Res. Let. 10.1088/1748-9326/10/10/105008
Designing monitoring arrangements: Hermans 2017 10.1016/j.envsci.2016.12.005

# Prioritising flood risk reduction actions in Europe under climate change

- For the majority of European countries, investing in improved dike protection is economically beneficial < 2050.</li>
- Adapting buildings only economically beneficial for some countries

 Uncertainties OTP: for several countries the OTP year occurs before 2040 with low SD across GCM projections



### Thank you

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**Special issue**: Policy pathways for sustainability

Training day: Dynamic Adaptive Policy Pathways (February 2018?)

http://pathways.deltares.nl

http://climate-adaptation.deltares.nl

http://deltagame.deltares.nl

http://www.deepuncertainty.org

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